Invoices

- 1. Entering invoice details
- 2. Entering invoice details for foreign currency orders
- 3. Editing invoices
- 4. **Passing invoices for payment**
- 5. Creating a file for finance
- 6. **Printing sundry debtor invoices**
- 7. Archive

1. Entering Invoice Details

The **Invoices** screen is simply another way of looking at the order with some additional fields for recording invoice information.

Most of the information that is input when the order is entered can be edited from here, but that information would normally be changed in the order screen (see Orders - Note 4. Amending an order). The purpose of the Invoices screen is to enter details of the invoice that is sent to you by the supplier after the order has been delivered.

There is also the option to raise sundry debtor invoices (for the purpose of recharging) where the purchase is external.

Menu: History – Invoices

Find the invoice/order you wish to update by clicking on the 'find' icon (Data, <u>Find</u>) and selecting the relevant search criteria (Order_No and <u>Hsp_Ord_No</u> are the most commonly used here).

Once you have found the invoice that you wish to edit the invoice details for, click on the 'update' icon $(\underline{E}dit, \underline{U}pdate)$.



If the goods have been neither received nor supplied, you will be prevented from editing the invoice details.

The quickest method of getting to the order so that you can mark the goods as

received or supplied is to click on the 'patient' icon **<u>Patients</u>**) to take you to

the patient record, and then click on the 'history' icon $(\underline{G}$ oto, <u>H</u>istory, <u>Current</u>), to go to the patient's current orders. Once you have marked the relevant order as being received or supplied, press the **Esc** key twice to return to the invoice.

If you want to be able to process invoices when orders have not been received or supplied, this check can be removed by selecting **Utilities – Choices – System** and change the *Process invoice for received/supplied goods only* flag from Yes to No.



1. Processing invoices for internal purchasers

Hsp Ord No	a hospital number can be entered or edited		
Sup Inv No	enter the supplier's invoice number		
Invoice Date	date of the supplier's invoice entered in the format DD MM YYYY. This is mandatory field and you will not be allowed to continue until a date has been entered.		
Received	date the item was received can be entered or edited		
Supplied	date the item was supplied to the patient can be entered or edited		
Purchaser	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of purchasers.		
Clinician	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of clinicians.		
Supplier Code	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of suppliers.		
Orthosis Code	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of orthosis codes.		

The cursor then moves into the **Details** table on the invoice. If the details are not complete or are incorrect, you have the ability to update the relevant fields accordingly.

Code	may be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of items
Description	may be changed if required. If you have changed the code and want to pull in the new description for this item then press the Tab key.

	If the description is edited here, the changes will not automatically flow back to the Order screen. If you want the changes to be reflected in the order, you should delete the line that is incorrect (by pressing Ctrl-F8 and enter a new line.	
Orthosis Code	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of Orthosis codes	
(V)AT	<i>V</i> shows the rate of VAT for that item, as	
	 S standard E exempt Z zero-rated R reclaim. 	
Qty	can be changed if required	
Nominal	if invoice information is being exported into financial software, a nominal code can be entered here. (see Utilities - Note 10. Choices - Finance - Nominal).	
Cost	is the net cost and can be changed if required. Pressing Tab will change this to the standard net cost for this item from this supplier. If the cost of the item is not known by OPAS the price can be entered manually.	
	Note: If entering the cost manually ensure it is the total cost – i.e. the net cost multiplied by the number of items ordered	
Gross	is calculated according to the cost and the VAT status for that item. If either has been changed, you will need to press Tab to recalculate the gross for that item.	
Sell	is the selling price. This is only relevant if you are selling the item on to an external purchaser or reclaiming from a Directorate. Press Tab to calculate the standard selling price. This will be the cost of the goods to yourself [*] unless you have specified a selling price for that particular item in Utilities – Choices – Fitting (see Utilities – Note 12. Choices – History – Fitting). This can be changed if required.	
	* if the vat rate is S, X or E the cost to yourselves will be the gross price. If the vat rate is R, the cost to you will be the net price as the VAT is recoverable.	
	If the <i>Sell</i> field is not relevant, press Enter to move on to the next line	

Once you have been through all the invoice detail lines, make sure you press **Enter** to move the green highlight to *Code* on the first blank line.

Notes Any additional information can be entered here.

Press **Ctrl-Enter** to finish.

2. Processing invoices for external purchasers

Hsp Ord No	a hospital number can be entered or edited	
Sup Inv No	supplier's invoice number	
Invoice Date	date of the supplier's invoice entered in the format DD MM YYYY. This is mandatory field and you will not be allowed to continue until a date has been entered.	
Received	date the item was received can be entered or edited.	
Supplied	date the item was supplied to the patient can be entered or edited.	
Purchaser	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of purchasers.	
Clinician	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of clinicians.	
Supplier Code	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of suppliers.	
Orthosis Code	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of orthosis codes.	
Purch Inv Date	the date entered here will be the date of the sundry debtor invoice that will be raised. Today's date will appear automatically, but this can be changed. This field can only be updated if the order belongs to an external purchaser.	
PIN	if the sundry debtor invoice to be raised requires a purchase invoice number, this can be entered here. If you would like OPAS to automatically generate a <i>PIN</i> this can be set up in Utilities – Choices – Defaults . Contact the Helpdesk for advice on the formula to be entered. This field can only be updated if the order belongs to an external purchaser.	

The cursor then moves into the **Details** table on the invoice. If the details are not complete or are incorrect, you have the ability to update the relevant fields accordingly.

Code	may be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of items		
Description	may be changed if required. If you have changed the code and want to pull in the new description for this item then press the Tab key		
Orthosis Code	can be changed if required. Press Tab for a pop-up list of Orthosis codes		
(V)AT	V shows the rate of VAT for that item, as		
	 S standard E exempt Z zero-rated R reclaim. 		
Nominal	if invoice information is being exported into financial software, a nominal code can be entered here. (see Utilities - Note 10. Choices - Finance - Nominal).		
Qty	can be changed if required		
Cost	is the net cost and can be changed if required. Pressing Tab will change this to the standard net cost for this item from this supplier. If the cost of the item is not known by OPAS the price can be entered manually.		
	Note: If entering the cost manually ensure it is the total cost – i.e. the net cost multiplied by the number of items ordered		
Gross	is calculated according to the cost and the VAT status for that item. If either has been changed, you will need to press Tab to recalculate the gross for that item.		
Sell	is the selling price. This is only relevant if you are selling the item on to an external purchaser or reclaiming from a Directorate. Press Tab to calculate the standard selling price. This will be the cost of the goods to yourself [*] unless you have specified a selling price for that particular item in Utilities – Choices – Fitting (see Utilities - Note 12. Choices - History - Fitting). This can be changed if required.		
	if the vat rate is S, X or E the cost to yourselves will be the gross price. If the vat rate is R, the cost to you will be the net price as the VAT is recoverable.		

If the *Sell* field is not relevant, press **Enter** to move on to the next line

Fitting is an additional charge for fitting. Pressing **Tab** will enter the fitting charge for this item if there is one. Fitting charges are optional and can be set up in Utilities – Choices – Fitting (see Utilities – Note 12. Choices – History - Fitting).

VAT is the sales VAT. Pressing **Tab** will enter the sales VAT if is applicable. Whether the purchaser is charged sales VAT is held against their purchaser record (See Utilities - Note 21. Choices - Purchasers).

Once you have been through all the invoice detail lines, make sure you press **Enter** to move the green highlight to *Code* on the first blank line.

Notes Any additional information can be entered here.

Press **Ctrl-Enter** to finish.

If you have Instant Invoice switched on in the system parameters screen, and the order belongs to an external purchaser, you will be asked if you would like to print a sundry debtor invoice. (See Invoices - Note 6. Printing sundry debtor invoices)

🗖 EXTERNAL PURCH 🔣		
Print Statement/Sundry Debtor		
Yes No		

<u>Summary</u>

If you are amending the invoice details because you have received the supplier's invoice and you want to pass the invoice for payment, the three things you must do are:

- enter the supplier's invoice number (*Sup Inv No*)
- enter the invoice date (tax point) shown on the supplier's invoice (*Invoice Date*)
- check the figures for each **Detail** line. If the amounts entered in *Cost* and *Gross* are correct, there is no need to go down into the **Detail** box and you can press **Ctrl-Enter** to save any changes after entering the invoice date.

2. Entering invoice details for foreign currency orders

Passing invoices for suppliers that trade in a different currency to pounds sterling (\pounds) is done in the usual way. The only difference is that the values in the *Cost* and *Gross* field are entered in the currency of that supplier.

OPAS will recognise that the supplier trades in a foreign currency and will highlight the value of the goods in yellow as a reminder that the value is not in pounds sterling.



However, OPAS will convert the value of the order to pounds sterling, for reporting purposes. The exchange rate held on OPAS will be used to calculate the conversion. The rate used can be seen at the bottom of the **Invoice** screen.



If the exchange rate for that currency is subsequently changed in **Utilities** – **Choices** – **History** – **Currencies**, the invoice value and *Exchange Rate* on the invoice will not change. The invoice will hold the *Exchange Rate*: that was current at the time of invoice processing and remain so unless the invoice is edited. If the invoice screen is updated after the invoice has been passed you will be asked whether you wish the exchange rate to be amended or not.

Exchange Rate		
Update Exchange Rate?		
Yes <u>No</u>		

3. Editing invoices

Menu: History – Invoices

Find the invoice you wish to update by clicking on the 'find' icon (Data, Find) and selecting the relevant search criteria (Order_No and Hsp_Ord_No are the most commonly used here).

Once you have found the invoice that you wish to alter, click on the 'update' icon

(Edit, Update) to be taken into the Invoices screen.

Note: Within the system parameters (Utilities – Choices – System) you have the option to set whether the Invoices screen can be edited after the invoice has been passed for payment.



If your system parameter has been set to No then you will get the following message if you try to edit an invoice that has been passed for payment.



4. Passing invoices for payment

Once the **Invoices** screen has been updated with invoice details the next step is to pass the invoices for payment. There are two purposes for doing this:

- 1. To produce a report listing those invoices that are being passed for payment.
- 2. To mark the invoices with today's date so that you know when the invoice was passed on to you Finance Department for payment.

Menu: History – Invoices

Click on the 'print' icon

[Eile, Print) and select Pass for payment.

The system will then find those invoices that can be passed to the accounts department for payment (i.e. those invoices that have an invoice date entered and that have not been passed already) and prints a list of those invoices. As with all reports, the layout of this list can be modified if required. Within the system parameters (Utilities – Choices – System) you can set the number of copies of this report needs to be printed. If you do not wish to print this report when running pass for payment, enter a 0 in this option.



You are then asked to confirm that these invoices should be marked as passed for payment:

PASS FOR PAYMENT		
5 invoices can be marked as passed today?		
	ок	Cancel

If you select OK, those invoices printed on the list will be marked as passed for payment by inserting today's date in the *Paydate* field on the **Invoices** screen.

_Details		
Code	Description	
A1A	Custoм made boots, li	
	(2000	
Paydate 13/01/2008		

If you select No, those invoices will not be marked as passed and will appear on the report again the next time **Pass for payment** is run

This option can also be made to only pass those invoices that you have processed. It does this by looking at the Processor field on the **Invoices** screen.

Processor: LINDA

If you need your pass for payment to be processor specific, contact the Helpdesk.

5. Creating a file for finance

When invoices are passed to the Finance Department for payment, you also have the ability to produce a file. This file, containing information about the invoices, can then be imported into their finance software. This will save them having to re-key all the information that you have already entered once onto OPAS.

Sage is a widely used finance package and therefore there is an option specifically available for creating a file for finance if they are using Sage. (Option 1)

If finance are using a different software package to Sage we will need to configure OPAS to be able to create the file in the required format. Once this has been done, a file can then be produced following the instructions for Option 2.

Menu: History – Invoices

Option 1 – Producing a file for Sage

Click on the 'sage' icon (Sage).

🗖 Sag	e File		\times
Do you really want to produce a file for Sage?			
	Yes	No	

If you wish to continue, click on Yes. OPAS will then search for those invoices where the Supplier Invoice has been recorded since you last produced a file for Sage. Pass for payment <u>does not</u> have to be run in order to produce the file.

🗖 Sage File 🛛 🔀		
15 invoices found.		
ок	Cancel	

Click on OK to continue. When invoice details are sent to the Sage file they are marked that they have been sent, so that they will not be sent again.

You will be given the opportunity to print a summary report of the invoices included in the Sage file.

	×
Print 15 r	ecords
Screen	Printer

Choose the appropriate option, or press **Esc** to continue.

Sage File	
The file for finance is complete. The file q:\opas\sage\20080702.001 contains details of 15 invoices	
(OK)	

The above message will inform you of the name of the file and where the file has been saved. This file can then be

- sent as an attachment on an e-mail to the Finance Department
- be picked up directly by the Finance Department if the file has been saved on an area of the hospital network that they can access.

Option 2 – Producing a file for a financial system other than Sage

N.B. Before you follow the steps below, you must have run **Pass for payment** for those invoices you wish to be included in the file. (see Invoices - Note 4. Passing invoices for payment)

Click on <u>Finance</u> at the top of the screen.

Finance Disk					
Do you really want to produce a file for finance?					
	Yes	No			

Click on Yes to continue.

A calendar will appear in the middle of the screen to select a start date. It will default to today's date, but this can be changed. You can still abandon the option at this stage by clicking on **Cancel**.

Period starting: 🛛 🛛 🔀						×
-	▲ November 2003 ▶					
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
27					1	2
3	4	ම	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1						- 7
C Today: 05/11/2003						
Click 'cancel' to abandon						
VOK X Cancel						

Then select the end date. You can still abandon the option at this stage by clicking on Cancel.

Period ending						×	
•		November 2003 🔹 🕨					
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	
27	28	29	30	31	1	2	
3	4	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
1						7	
Coday: 05/11/2003							
Starting Date: 05/11/2003							
OK X Cancel							

OPAS will then look for all those invoices where the *Paydate* is between the range entered. Therefore **Pass for payment** must be run before producing a file for finance.

Note: Ensure the date range does not include dates that you have entered before, as OPAS will not check whether the information has been put in a file for Finance before. It would, therefore, be a good idea to keep a manual record of the dates entered so that invoice information sent to Finance is neither duplicated nor missed.



A comma separated variable file (Finance.csv) will be created in your personal directory.

This file can then be

- sent as an attachment on an e-mail to the Finance Department
- be picked up directly by the Finance Department if the file has been saved on an area of the hospital network that they can access.

Note: The next time the Finance option is run, the file produced will be saved in the same place and overwrite the previous one. If you wish to keep copies of the finance files produced, you would need to take a copy of the file or rename it.

6. Printing sundry debtor invoices

Menu: History – Invoices

Sundry debtor invoices to external purchasers can be

- ii. printed individually as you update the Invoices screen (automatically)
- iii. printed individually (manually)
- iv. printed in batch
- a) Printing individually as invoice details are entered (automatically)

Within the system parameters (**Utilities – Choices – System**) set the *Instant Invoice* parameter to the number of each invoice required.



When you enter invoice details in the **Invoices** screen ensure that a date is entered in the *Purch Inv Date:* field. It is by entering a date in this field that indicates that you require a sundry debtor invoice to be printed (in order to recharge the cost incurred by the Trust).

When the invoice details have been entered press **Ctrl-Enter** to finish and the following prompt will appear. (Reminder: This will only happen if the *Instant Invoice* option is switched on in the system parameters.)

EXTERNAL PURCH				
Print Statement/Sundry Debtor				
<u>Y</u> es	No			

Select No if you do not wish to print the sundry debtor invoice at this stage. You can print it manually at a later time if required.

Select Yes to print the sundry debtor invoice now.

Note: The prompt calls the sundry debtor invoice "Statement/Sundry Debtor". This is because you decide the output produced here. You may wish the output to be an invoice that can be sent to the external purchaser for payment, or an internal memo that can be sent to the Finance department for them to raise the sundry debtor invoice. You will need to tell us the format of the output that is required so that we can change it accordingly.

b) Printing individually (manually)

Find the invoice you wish to print and click on the 'print' icon **(Eile**, <u>Print</u>) and select **Invoice** from the print menu.

		×
Send output	to:	
Screen	Printer]

If you wish to look at the invoice on the screen first select Screen. Otherwise select Printer.

c) Printing in batch

Click on the 'print' icon (<u>File</u>, <u>Print</u>) and select **Batches** from the print menu. Then select **Statements** from the batches menu.

- select the Purchaser required from the pop-up list. Alternatively press **Esc** to make the pop-up list disappear without making a selection. Leaving the Purchaser field empty will result in all purchasers being selected
- enter the Start date of the required date range in the format DD MM YYYY
- enter the End date of the required date range in the format DD MM YYYY

A report will be automatically sent to the printer, listing those invoices where the *Purch Inv Date* is between the date range entered.

Below is an example of the **Statements** report.

NHS TRUST Invoice Statement Report 01/11/2003 to 01/11/2003						
Surnam e	Order No	Hospital No	Received Supplied	Practice	GP PCT	Cost
CRAVEN Shoes	G00370	TEMP000010	28/04/2003	Mr Surgeon	HIRST CI 5E2	∎302.00
					Total for Mr Surgeon	∎302.00
					Count	1

The report layout (bat_stat.dfr) can be altered to your requirements. Please contact the OPAS helpdesk.

Then you will have the opportunity to print those invoices by selecting **Yes** to the following prompt.



7. Archive

<u>A</u>rchive will look for those order that are more than 18 months old and where there has been no invoice.

Menu: History – Invoices

Once in the **Invoices** screen click on the 'archive' icon **I** (<u>A</u>rchive).

ARCHIVE DORMANT ORDERS					
This process will archive old orders with no supplier invoice.					
OK Cancel					

If you wish to continue, click on OK. Otherwise select Cancel.

Once it has found all the orders that are 18 months old and have no invoice you will be presented with the following option.

		×
There are	18 orders that	could be archived
Please select	an option: (or 	• press ESC to abandon)
	Print_list	Archive

If you want to see a list of those that can be archived click on Print_list.

Once the list has printed, the above option box will appear again. If you wish to continue to archive the orders click on Archive. If you wish to abandon the archive press the **Esc** key.

You will be informed when the archive is complete.



The orders have now been permanently removed from the current **Orders** database but can still be viewed by going into **History – Archive – Orders**, or by going to the **Patients** record and selecting <u>Goto</u>, <u>History</u>, <u>Archived</u>.

If you need to change the search criteria from 18 months old to a different age, then go into **History – Invoices** and:

- select Data, Query
- select This_view
- select ORDERARC
- select Edit
- select Edit...
- press **Ctrl-End** to move to the end of the line



move left and change the **18** to the number of months required

press **F10** twice

• select OK, and then Quit.